Fron County Register

BY ELI D. AKE. IRONTON, - - MISSOURL

NEWS AND NOTES.

A Summary of Important Events.

THE Senate Committee on Territories will report a bill for the creation of the Territory of Pembina out of the northern half

SENATOR CONKLING has been on a visit to Mentor, upon the express invitation of Mr. Garfield, as is stated by the Senator's

Gov. Cullom and Senator Logan, of Illinois, recently visited Mentor, their mission being, as rumored, to urge the appointment of Robert Lincoln to a Cabinet posi-

PRESIDENT HAYES attended the banquet of the Baltimore Press Association on the 12th, and responded at some length to the toast-"Our honored guest, the President of the United States of America."

FULLER details regarding the battle between the British forces and the Boers in South Africa show that Gen. Colley suffered a defeat and only succeeded in getting back to camp under cover of darkness, leaving his wounded on the field of battle.

THE marriage of the Baroness Burdett-Coutts and William Ashmead Bartlett took place at Christ Church, London, on the 12th. The bride is 66 years old and the richest woman in the world. The groom is under 30, an American by birth, and impe-

A serious conflict has occurred at Beyrout, Syria, between the Christians and Turks, brought on by a Turk murdering a business was suspended and the bazaars were closed.

Ex-Senator Dorsey, of Arkansas, was banqueted by a number of prominent Republicans, at Delmonico's, New York, the other evening. Gen. Grant presided. A number of speeches were made, in which the roof of which was heavily weighted with highly eulogized.

HON. FERNANDO WOOD, member of Congress from New York, died at Hot Springs, on the 13th, aged 69. He was first elected to Congress in 1841, and has served altogether nine terms and was re-elected for the tenth. He also served as Mayor of New York City for several years.

THE House Committee on Ways and Wood, deceased. Mr. Tucker is a Free Trader, but the change, it is thought, will make no material difference in the status of the committee on the Tariff question.

Philadelphia, beats Stokely, Republican, by have been committed by a Fenian. several thousand majority; and Hunter, op-position candidate for Receiver of Taxes, is also successful. The minor Republican candidates are elected. Major Lyon, Citizens' candidate for Mayor of Pittsburgh, is also elected.

GEN. HERMAN UHL, formerly manager of the New York Staats-Zeitung, but recently retired from business, fatally shot himself, on the 13th, while cleaning a revolver. He was preminent in social, business and military affairs, having been a member of the Governor's staff. He leaves a wife and three children.

THE Emperor's speech at the opening of the Reichrath refers pointedly to the peaceful relations of Germany with neighboring empires, which is interpreted as an indication of renewal of intimate relations with Russia. The speech also announces a stamp tax, brewing tax and workman's insurance and trade guilds tax.

A DISPATCH from Rome announces that F. Janssens, Vicar General of Richmond, has been appointed Bishop of Natchez, made vacant by the appointment of Bishop Elder to be Administrator of the archdiocese of Cincinnati, with the right of succession. J. C. Neraz, Administrator of named Bishop of that See.

THE ninetieth anniversary of the birthday of Peter Cooper, the well-known New York philanthropist, was appropriately celebrated on the 12th in the large hall of the Cooper Union, which was crowded in every part. A number of addresses were made by eminent men, after which a letter was read from Mr. Cooper announcing additional gifts by him to the various funds of the institution founded by him, aggregating about

THE headquarters of the Land League are to be removed to Paris. It is alleged that mail communications have been tampered with by Government officials, and all be dispatched by special courier. In the House of Commens, in response to an inquiry, the Home Secretary said the power to open letters in transit through the post is reserved to the Home Secretary for exercise in exceptional cases. He declined to make any statement as to whether it had been recently exercised.

TOLEDO, O, suffered from an inundation on the 12th, causing at least half a million dollars' worth of damage. The railroad companies were the heaviest losers, their tracks being all submerged and the water standing from seven to nine feet deep at the Union Depot. People had to be removed from their houses in boats in some cases. A similar inundation occurred at Washington, D. C., the water being four feet deep on the lower part of Pennsylvania Avenue, causing an entire suspension of business. Long Bridge was swept away.

JOHN W. Young, son of the late Mormon President, has been arrested in Denver, by a United States officer, upon a charge of bigamy. It is reported the arrest was made at the instance of Young's first wife, Libbie Canfield, whom he married in Philadelphia some years ago, under the promise that he would not practice polygamy. Notwithstanding his promise, however, within two years he married other weman, Luella Cobb. of Salt Lake. the dead, and are also cut off from supplies and his first wife then left him and returned of coal and provisions. Sioux City has been

PERSONAL AND GENERAL.

A RUNAWAY horse attached to sleigh containing two men undertook to cross the railroad track at Newport, Minn., press train. The sleigh was knocked into fragments, one of the two men, Corwin R. Manning, was instantly killed, and the other, Wm. R. Schofield, dangerously hurt, while the horse was horribly mutilated.

THE Scoville Manufacturing Company's button shop, at Waterbury, Cenn., burned on the 13th. Loss, \$200,000; insurance, \$125,000. Over 200 hands are thrown out of work.

THE number of immigrants arriving in this country during January was 15,224. CHRISTIAN MARRGAET and wife were suffocated at Milwaukee by gas from a coal-

"DAISY DEANE," a variety actress at Kansas City, wandered from her room while insane from fever, on the night of the 12th, and died from exposure during the night, her lifeless body being found by her friends after an all-night search. She was the wife of Billy Deane, a song-and-dance man.

F. A. McCLAIN, in the employ of the Roberts Torpedo Company, was driving along the highway, fifteen miles southeast of Bradford, Pa., in a sleigh, with 200 pounds of nitro-glycerine. The horses became frightened and ran against a bowlder, causing an explosion. McClain was torn to mince-meat, both horses were killed, and no evidences of the sleigh could be found.

THERE was an immense anti-coercion meeting held in Hyde Park, London, on Sunday, the 13th, which was addressed by several prominent Home-Rulers.

THE Lancashire (Eng.) colliers are on a strike.

Hankon easily beat Laycock on the Thames course for the championship of

SAMUEL BUCHANAN, living on Foote's Prairie, near Fort Colville, Washington Territory, shot and killed Louis Fenwick, a nephew of Indian Agent Christian. Ten persons in all are reported Simms, wounded Miss Mary King in the killed. The excitement was intense and all arm and back, shot at James O'Neill, and then shot himself through the heart. The parties shot were dining when Buchanan called. The cause was disappointed affec-

Eight men employed in gathering turpentine in Moore County, Va., were roasted to death the other night. Their cabin, Mr. Dorsey's efforts in the late canvass were earth and rocks, was blown down and its sleeping occupants were buried in the ruins, which caught fire and burned up. Only two

out of ten escaped. THE night express train on the St. Louis division of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad was thrown from the track by a broken rail at Cedar Creek, near Monmouth, Ill., on the morning of the 14th. The baggage-car, one day-coach and a sleeper went down a fifty-foot embankment, turn-Means have elected J. Randoph Tucker, of ing completely over. Fortunately there Virginia, Chairman, to succeed Fernando were but few passengers on board. The injured number ten or twelve, two or three of

whom it was thought might not recover.

THREE steamers have been chartered

to convey British troops to South Africa. OF a crew of eighteen men of the ship Neomanton, lost on the coast of Newfoundland, only the Chief Mate, McCreechy, and

Seaman Dooley were saved. AT Lee Mines, Colo., a giant-powder cartridge laid under the stove exploded.

Four men were injured. THE small-pox is said to be spreading badly in Chicago.

GEORGE M. ROUSH, a wealthy stockraiser, living near Bloomington, Ill., died about three years ago, of what was thought to be heart disease. It is now reported that Peter, the second son of deceased, died recently in northern Iowa, after making the confession that he murdered his father by putting poison in a glass of water standing at his bedside.

THIRTEEN more Socialists have unyears'imprisonment, another to six months' confinement, and eleven were acquitted.

ALL branches of labor in the mills at Fall River, Mass., have voted to strike, the date to be kept secret.

THE Bayou Lafourche packet Assumption exploded her donkey boiler at New the diocese of San Antonio, Texas, has been Orleans on the 15th, killing a negro laborer has been for some time considered in a and seriously injuring several other persons. | shaky condition, on account of limited capi-THREE children were fatally burned tal and unsafe risks.

at Danielsonville, Conn., while kindling the fire with kerosene. Their mother was badly burned in trying to extinguish the flames. AT Robinson's Camp, near Leadville, character.

Colo., on the 15th, Jack McIlhaney, a policeman, shot and killed George Harbor, a wounded some time later by an unknown Harber, which the latter's friends claim was to death. entirely without justification. There was great excitement throughout the camp, which was hightened by the influx of a number of armed men from Kokomo, an adjoining town, some of whom were friends of the important communications will henceforth | miners and others in sympathy with the so- crisis. called "law and order" party. A serious collision seemed likely to occur between the opposing factions.

THE St. Louis police imbroglio has been settled by the deposition of Boland as Vice-President of the Board of Commissioners and the reappointment of McDonough as Chief, with plenary powers.

SEVERAL cases of trichinosis have occurred at Rondout, N. Y.

EIGHT Indians lost their lives by the recent floods in the neighborhood of Ilges' camp at Poplar River.

County, Mich., exploded on the 10th, kill- Paul to Des Moines Rapids, \$200,000; Quining Andrew Gearheart and wounding four cy, \$10,000; gauging the waters of the Missisothers.

Morris K. Jessup, Henry B. Hyde, Logan C. Murray, W. K. Travers and John J. McCook as Directors. H. Victor Newcomb becomes President and Logan C. Murray, Cashier.

Y., was entirely destroyed by fire on the her clothing also took fire. Both women morning of the 16th. Loss, \$359,000; insurance, \$300,000.

THERE are sixteen cases of small-pox at Calliope, Sioux County, Iowa, 48 miles north of Sioux City, and they are unable to an- procure nurses for the sick or help to bury home, but has recently come West again. called upon to aid the stricken community.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

FEB. 11.-In the Senate, Mr. Dawes made a personal statement in regard to a recent letter of Secretary Schurz in reference to Ponce affairs. Mr. Dawes charged that the Secretary, while having full official knowledge of the wrongs inflicted upon the tribe, was the one who had stood in the way of their receiving any redress. Mr. Hoar offered a resolution instructing the Indicary Committee to consider and report whether the assembling at the seat of Government of firge bodies of organized and armed troops not under the command of officers of the United States, or any national authority, be not likely to prove in the future dangerous in practice, and whether any legislation or opinion by Congress on the subject be desirable. Mr. Hoar said the resolution had no relevancy to the coming inauguration, but that the precedent now established by the presence of numerous militia organizatious inight hereafter in times of political turnoil and excisement prove dangerous to the peaceful and orderly conduct of the inaugural ceremonies. Mr. Coakling thought the time for the inquiry, in view of the extensive preparations by militia organizations all over the country to visit Washington, inoppertune, and asked that the resolution be haid over under the rule. Mr. Hereford construed the resolution in allowing the regular army to attend and forbidding the presence of volunteer organizations as an announcement of a doctrine dangaritions as an announcement of a doctrine dangaritions. just shead of the Milwaukee & St. Paul ex- Ponca affairs. Mr. Dawes charged that the in allowing the regular army to attend and forbidding the presence of volunteer organizations as an announcement of a doctrine dangerons to the liberties of the people. The restolution was laid over. The Postal Appropriation bill was further considered in Committee of the Whole.... The House spent nearly the entire day in consideration of private bills. A pension of \$30 per month was voted the venerable Col. Thomas Worthington, of Ohio. FEB. 12.—The Postal Appropriation bill was further considered in the Senate, the mail steamship subsidy amendment, offered by Mr. Hamlin, being the chief item of con-

by Mr. Hamlin. being the chief item of contention. Mr. Wallace raised the point of order against Mr. Hamlin's amendment that it would engraft general legislation upon an appropriation bill, and upon the question being submitted to the Senate, it was decided, 26 to 17, that the point of order was well taken, and the amendment was therefore declared out of order.....In the House, the bill reported by the Interoceanic Canal Committee in aid of the Tehuantepec Ship Railroad (Eads's scheme) gave rise to a noisy and disorderly struggle over the question whether the report had been authorized. Finally, on motion of Mr. Cox, the whole subject was laid on the table by almost a unanimous viva voce vote. The River and Harbor'bill was considered in Committee of the Whole and three of the forty pages of the bill were disposed of. One of the amendments adopted was that the Secretary of War shall let by contract all public works to the lowest responsible bidders.

FEB. 14.—The Senate further considered

FEB. 14.-The Senate further considered he Postal Appropriation bill. The subsidy clause was laid on the table, by a vote of 34 to 14, and the bill passed. The Cattle Diseases 14, and the bill passed. The Cattle Diseases bill was taken up and considered at some length.... In the House Mr. Stephenson presented resolutions of the Illinois Legislature, urging the passage of such a measure as will relieve the commerce of the country from unjust discrimination by railroad corporations, and protect inter-State commerce by law. The Speaker announced the death of Representative Wood, of New York, and the House adjourned out of respect to his memory.

FEB. 15 .- The Senate took up the Funding bill, and Mr. Bayard explained the amend ments of the Senate Finance Committee, and advocated the three and one-half per cent rate and a 5-20 bond.....The House further considered the River and Harbor bill in Committee of the Whôle. The desk recently occupied by Fernando Wood was draped in black and decorated with a handsome basket

FEB. 16.-The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations reported a resolution declaring that the consent of this Government is necessary condition precedent to the con struction of any ship canal or other maritime Trader, but the change, it is thought, will make no material difference in the status of the committee on the Tariff question.

LIEUT. PIERCY ROPER, Royal Engineers, was found shot dead in Brompton Barracks. A revolver was found lying some distance away. The murder is believed to have been committed by a Fenian. the Central Pacific Railroad Company, so that 50 per cent. net earnings of this company may be applied to the payment of its debt to the Government, instead of 25 per cent. as now re-quired by law. Secretary Schurz, in transmit-

quired by law. Secretary Schurz, in transmitting this communication from Auditor French, says: "I cone it in the views set forth in his letter, and commend them to the favorable consideration of Congress." Referred. Mr. Pendleton reported a bill to regulate and improve the civil service of the United States. Placed on the calendar. Mr. McDonald addressed the Senate upon the subject of equality of taxation. His remarks were devoted to an elaborate discussion of the tariff, filustrative of the alleged inequalities of taxation engendered by a protective system..... The House met in continuation of the previous day's session, an intermission only having day's session, an intermission only having been taken, and no adjournment. Cons dera-tion of the River and Harbor bill was continued; the bill was completed in committee, reported to the House, the previous question was seconded and the main question ordered, when the House adjourned.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

As the result of Senator Conkling's visit to Mentor, it is reported that Mr. Levi dergone trial at Vienna. One was con- P. Morton will have a place in President victed of high treason and sentenced to four Garfield's Cabinet-probably as Secretary of the Treasury.

THE Missouri Valley Bank at Kansas City suspended payment on the 17th, after a brief run. The bank officials claimed they would be able to resume again in a few days and pay dollar for dollar. The bank holds about \$190,000 on deposit. The institution

THE Kansas Legislature has passed the "iron-clad" prohibition bill. Its provisions, as indicated, are of the most stringent

JOHN WOOD'S house at Washington Village, near Pitt-field, Mass., burned on miner, and was himself shot and mortally the morning of the 17th. Wood and his eight children barely escaped. He then reassassin, doubtless in revenge for killing turned to save some goods and was burned

PARNELL has issued an address to the and League. In response to a request that he would go to America, he says he deems it his duty to remain in Ireland and to occupy his seat in Parliament during the present

V. SNFLL, of Crescent City, Ill., was instantly killed by a railroad accident on the Wabash at East Hannibal, Ill., on the 17th.

THE Mississippi River gets the following appropriations under the River and Harbor bill: From Cairo to mouth of river, \$100,000; above Alexandria, \$6,000; Cape Girardeau, \$10,000; from Des Moines Rapids to the mouth of the Illinois River, \$175,000; between the mouth of the Illinois and the Ohio, \$60,000; bar opposite Dubuque, \$500; Hannibal, Natchez and Vidalia, \$50,000; 000; THE boiler in Bush's mill, in Isabella above St. Anthony's Falls, \$1,000; from St. sippi, etc., \$50,000; Upper Mississippi, (ope-THE United States National Bank of rating snag-boats, building light-draught New York has been organized with Gen. steamers, etc.,) \$25,000; Rock Island Rapids, Grant, H. Victor Newcomb, H. F. Vail, \$8,000; Des Moines Rapids, \$25,000; operat-

ing canal at Des Moines, \$10,000. MRS. ANN MCCARTHY, of Clifton Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., fell and broke an oil lamp which set fire to her clothing. Mrs. PIERCE's Palace Hotel, at Buffalo, N. Eliza Martin rushed to her assistance when were fatally burned.

> THE Senate, on the 17th, perfected the Funding bill in Committee of the Whole. The interest remains at three per cent., as fixed by the House. There are, however, several other amendments to the bill. The House passed the River and Harbor billyeas, 163; nays, 84—substantially in the form reported from committee.

MISSOURI LEGISLATURE.

Summary of Proceedings, JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Thursday, Feb. 10. In the Senate, the bill allowing cross-ex-mination of defendants in criminal cases when they testify the same as other witnesses was favorably reported.

The special order in the House being the Gates bill, Mr. Harrington, from Committee on Ways and Means, made a minority report on Ways and Means, made a minority report setting forth objections to its passage—it being a special law intended to legalize unauthorized acts, granting special rights to an individual, releasing him from liability to the State, and therefore unconstitutional. The bill was passed by a vote of 33 to 48. The bill to secure State priority of hen in cases of insolvent debtors passed by 90 years to 49 nays. In Committee of the Whole, the Appropriation bill was further amended by allowing \$300,000 for expenses of the Penitentiary, out of its earnings, and \$300,000 for the sinking fund. Among bills and resolutions introduced was one by Mr. Upton expressing sympathy for the Irish people.

returned from the House, were read at length and signed by the President pro tem, and the ey that the brick in their possession was a very valuable one, all gold, and the mysterious Secretary. Senate bill No. 100, relating to billiard tables, and an amendment to the Revised Statutes, concerning dogs, were passed. In the House, the resignation of Mr. P. Riley as Chairman of Committee on Deaf and Dumb Asylums was accepted. In Committee of the

In the Senate, the two Gates bills, being

FRIDAY, Feb. 11.

Asylums was accepted. In Committee of the Whole on the Appropriation bill, the following items were agreed upon: For public schools, one-third of the State revenue; Auditor's elerks, \$14,000; St. Louis Blind Asylum, \$42,000; Sehool of Mines, \$15,000; Insurance department, \$18,000; Penitentiary repairs, \$55,943; State Agricultural Society, \$25,000; Deaf and Dumb Asylum, \$65,574; immigration, \$2,000, \$1,500 of which is for the Handbook of Missouri; St. Loais Insane Asylum, for indigent patients from other sections, \$30,000. A number of other items being increased or reduced, the bill was ordered engrossed and printed. grossed and printed.

SATURDAY, Feb. 12. The Senate did not convene, and the House, after a brief session, adjourned without important action.

MONDAY, Feb. 14. The Senate passed a number of bills, among them No. 118, relating to railroad commissioners, charges, etc.; the McGinnis Street Railroad bill; authorizing guardians and curators, under order of Probate Court, to purchase real estate for the benefit of wards; authorizing administrators and executors to pur-chase real estate for the benefit of creditors.

The House Committee on Fees and Salaries reported favorably the bill increasing salary of the Governor's private Secretary to \$2,000 to year. Mr. McGinnis, from a special commit-tee, reported the books and accounts of Lunatic Asylum No. I as showing supplies to have been purchased at most reasonable rates and the financial condition of the institution sat-isfactory. The House refused to order en-grossed and printed the bill repealing the law creating a Bureau of Labor Statistics. House bill No. 179, in relation to Statistics. House bill No. 179, in relation to publication of final settlements, was passed by a unanimous vote. The bill relating to shipment of live stock, grain, etc., was passed by ict to 1. Bills empowering courts to attach persons withholding goods, chattels or money of the deceased; for the protection of quail; giving jurors one dollar a day for the time necessarily engaged and charging same to unsuccessful litigants, with several others, were also passed. After some discussion on the subject of the Railroad Commissioners' report, Mr. Cox offered an amendment ordering port, Mr. Cox offered an amendment ordering 3,000 copies printed, which was agreed to. Mr. Wallace presented a petition from the medical society of Lewis county for passage of the bill creating a State Board of Health.

TUESDAY, Feb. 15. The Senate committee to whom was referred the joint and concurrent resolution regarding the construction of a ship railway across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec recom-mend its adoption. The bill in relation to the purchase of supplies by railroad employees without consent of stockholders was also re-

A number of bills were passed in the House among them No. 235, providing that a refusal to hear a subpœna read shall be considered a good service; allowing executors to sue for damages done to deceased persons; urging Congressional legislation securing right of way to the St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 16. The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections reported favorably the bill repealing the O'Neil Registration measure, and bill No. 123, on the same subject, after some discussion, was ordered printed.

In the House, bills were passed: Increasing the number of Trustees of St. Louis Blind Asylum; concerning bonds of executors and adlum; concerning bonds of executors and administrators; in relation to diseased cattle;
imposing a penalty upon tax collectors who
fail to specify date of receiving county warrants. The Committee on Unfinished Business
reported a substitute for the concurrent resolution on the subject of adjournment, making
the time 10 o'clock on March 10, and it was
adopted. Five hundred copies each of two
communications from the State Auditor, showmarch a condition of raisros is account in his ing the condition of railroa 1 accounts in his office and concerning certain State lands sold twice, were ordered printed.

Official Census of Missouri. Following is the official census of the State by counties, as corrected by the Census Bureau at Washington:

	Adair	15,190	McDonald	7.814
	Andrew		Macon	26,003
	Atchison	14,565	Madison	8,840
К	Audrain	19,760	Maries	7,328
	Barry	14,434	Marion	
	Barton	10,332	Mercer	14,674
	Bates	25,352	Miller	9,807
	Benton		Mississippi	
	Bollinger		Moniteau	
	Boone	25,444	Monroe	
	Buchanan		Montgomery	
	Butler	6.011	Morgan	10,134
	Caldwell	13,654	New Madrid	7,694
	C.laway		Newton	
	Camden		Nodaway	
	Cape Girardeau.		Oregon	
	Carroll		Osage	11,824
	Carter	2,168	Ozark	5,618
	Cass	22 431	Pemiscot	4,290
	Cedar	10.757	Perry	11,895
	Chariton	25,924	Pett.s	27,298
	Christian	9,694	Paelps	12,565
	Clarke	15,034	Pike	26,716
	Clay		Platte	
	Cinton	16.073	Polk	15,745
	Cole	15.519	Pulaski	7,250
	Cooper		Putnam	13,556
	Crawford		Randolph	22,751
	Dade		Hay	
	Dalias		Ralis	
	Daviess		Reynolds	5,722
	De Kalb		Ripley	
	Dent	10.647	St. Conries	23,060
	Douglas		Sr. Clair	14,157
	Danklin		St. Francois	
	Frankdin		ste. Genevieve	10,390
	Ga-conade		St. Louis	31,888
	Gentry	17 202	St. Louis City	
	Gree. e		saline	29,935
	Grun IV		Schuyler	10.470
	Harrison		Scotland	12,507
	Henry		Scott	8,587
	Hickory		Shannon	3,441
	Holt		Shelby	14,024
	Howard		Stoddard	13,432
	Нолед		Stone	4,429
	Iron		Sullivan	16,569
	Jackson		'aney	5,633
	Jasper		Texas	12,219
	Jefferson		Vernon	19 382
	Johnson	28,177	Warren	10,806
	Knox	13,047	Wastington	
	Laciede	11,524	Wayne	9,097
	Lafavette		Webster	12,176
	Lawrence		Worth	8,208
f	Lewis	15,925	Wright	9,733
	Lincoln	17,443		0,100
	Linn	20,016	Total2,	168 801
	Livingston	20,205		,

The ghost of Vasquez, the Mexican band t. is said to haunt cell No. 1 of the San Jose Jail, and the prison authorities play upon the terror of offenders in order to enforce discipline. The other day a young man who had been sentenced to the chain gang refused to work on the streets, but after one night's confinement in cell No. 1 he was glad to accede to any demand. He claimed to have had a terrible midnight experience with the dead brigand.

WHEN you ask a Boston girl for a kiss she replies, "I have no objection to a platonic osculation, but permit me, first, to remove my glasses.

OCCURRENCES OF INTEREST. A Brass Brick Sold for Gold. Police circles are convulsed over the neat and complete manner in which one of the and complete manner in which one of the smart men of Chicago has been taken in by an old process. James B. Storoy keeps a private loan and real-estate office in the Union Building, corner of Lasalic and Washington streets. He has always had the reputation of being somewhat shrewd, and was the last person in the world who would be suspected of being soft enough to allow himself to be "played for a sucker." A shart time since Mr. Storey had occasion to go to the Hot Springs of Arkansas, that balmy locality where rheumatism is supposed to give up the ghost. He took with him a large amount of hard cash and a considerable sum in greenbacks, and left considerable sum in greenbacks, and left a fat bank account behind him as a reserve in case of emergency. Now it hap-pened that some of the crack crooks of the country learned of the presence of Mr. Storey at the Hot Springs with "a barrel of money." They immediately decided to "work him for all he was worth." In this undertaking they were eminently successful. They tried the brass brick "racket." They informed Mr. Stor-

manner in which they are said to have con-

ducted the negotiations led Mr. Storey to be-

lieve all that they said. To make a long story

short, the gentleman is alleged to have parted

with \$1,500 in cool cash, and to have become

the unhappy possessor of a fine brass brick,

thus losing the entire sum invested. It is said

that Mr. Storey is making every effort to re-

cover the lost money, but thus far he has not

met with any success.-Chicago Journal.

The Thirteen and Seventeen-Year Locusts. PROFESSOR C. V. RILEY, Chief of the United States Entomological Commission, who has been spending a couple of days in the city, left last night for Washington. Meeting a Republican reporter yesterday afternoon, the Professor called his attention to a dispatch sent out from Wasnington last week, in which a statement was imputed to him that the locusts or grasshoppers were going to be bad the coming season. This statement, the Professor said, was incorrect. It was misapprehension of the language used by him in the course of some remarks made by him before the District of Columbia Horticultural Society. His remarks were in relation to the seventeen year locusts, more properly known as the "cleada," a totally different insect-one having no power to do great injury. Of this insect the Professor said there would be two distinct broods, the thirteen-year and the seventeen-year varieties, which will appear in a large portion of the country, say in about a dozen different States, including Missouri and most of the Mississippi Valley States. Their appearance will be in May and June. Prof. Riley stated that the simultaneous appearance of the thirteen and seventeen-year broods had not occurred before since the year 1600 in the same places where they will appear this year. The cicada are not destructive like the pests known as grasshoppers or locusts. They have got a sucking beak and therefore cannot devour anything. The only injury they can do is done by the female, which has the habit of puncturing the twigs of fruit and forest trees,

to make holes in which to lay her eggs. Regarding the grasshopper proper Prof. Riley said the prospects as to injury from them are quite favorable, as is judged from the observations made by the United States Entomológical Commission last year. He said he had no reason to fear any serious injury. It was found last summer that the eggs and insects in the natural breeding grounds of the Northwest were scarce.-St. Louis Republican.

A Remarkable Case.

An accident occurred on Monday at Ramey, Clarion County, which proved to be one of the most extraordinary cases ever recorded in the history of surgery or medical jurisprudence James Gaupell, a French Canadian employed at Ramey's mill, fell from a trestle about twelve feet to the ground. After recovering from the shock resulting from the fall, be was unable to move his head, and Dr. Edwards, attending physician, discovered that the neck was dislocated and some of the bones broken; but it was evident that the spinal column had not been severed. The doctor reset and put the fractured neck in position, and set about devising means to put it in place until the broken bones and contused ligaments attain their normal condition. To this end a muslin bandage thre inches wide was wrapped tightly around the neck, and to it were attached two lugs, one on either side. To these a rope was fastened and run over a pulley fixed to the ceiling of the room. A bucket was suspended on the other end of the rope and in it were placed various weights, so that the patient can adjust the contrivance as occasion may require by simply reaching to the bucket and removing or adding one or two weights. He remains in a sitting posture, and should any slight change of position occur, the tension of the rope will still support the weight of the head. With these appliances for his support, the unfortunate man will have to remain practically in the same position until the injured parts become united or death ends the case,—Pittsburgh (Pa.) Telegraph.

What a Little Girl Did.

Away back in the wildest part of this county, among the mountains and forests of the sparsely settled town of Hardenburg, a place it takes a week to communicate with, not far from the little hamlet of Inverwood and near the place where Rev. J. C. Beecher a brother of Rev. Henry Ward Beccher, pr aches, lives little Neille Osborn, a child of six years. Her father and mother were both suddenly stricken with fever, being unable to leave their beds. Living in an isc place, far from neighbors, and being scantily supplied with the necessaries of life at this severe and inclement season with snow lying three or four feet deep everywhere, the situation may be imagined Little Nellie did all she could to alleviate the sufferings of her parents in every way. It was bitter cold, their rude little house offered poor resistance to the winds, the bed-covering was not abundant, and the supply of fire-wood finally gave out. The little girl took her wooden playthings and tried to keep the fire going with them. Then she kneeled by the couch of her sick mother and prayed: "Please, dear Lord, send a big, good man to help us." Help came in the person of James McGavitt. a lumberman of the mountains, who found the family in the condition stated, and afforded prompt relief. Little Nellie became sick with the fever afterward. Assistance has now been offered by a charitable lady of Irvington, whose sympathy was excited by the child's sacrifice of her toys .-- Kingston (N. Y.) Letter.

An Incident of the Flood at Toledo. MRS. CASNER, who has lived in the Bethel for the past five years, on Friday night retired about 19:30, and was awakened shortly after by the noise of splashing waters. Her son Charles, aged about twenty-two, was also aroused by the noises, and took in the situation. He went to the front door, at the same time calling upon his mother to hurry. Mrs. Casner, desirous of saving at least a portion Casner, desirous of saving at least a portion of her clothing, was gathering what she could in a moment of time. "Mother, no time; hurry!" called her son, but before she could gain the outside door the rushing waters cut off her escape. Her son, strong in body and love for his lame mother, shouldered the precious burden and carried her through the flood to the building occupied by Superintendents Curtiss and Kline. The family lose all they had.—Toledo (O.) Telegram.

THERMOMETERS reform late in life; they never become "temperate" until nearly sixty.

A CLIPPED horse does not always turn out to be a clipper of a horse.

Jamie's Good-Night.

AT a late hour the other night a poor id man, weak with hunger and stiff ith cold, extered the Central Station to with cold, extered the Central Station to ask for lodgings. While he sat by the stove to get warm they heard him groan like one in distress, and the Captain asked:

"Are you set, or have you been "It's here," answered the old man, as he touched his breast. "It all came back to me an hour ago as I passed a window and saw a bit of a boy in his night-gown. I would to God that I were dead!"

"What is it?" asked the Captain, ar he sat down beside the man.

It is the heart-ache—it is re the old man answered. "I have had them gnawing away at my life for years.

I have wanted to die—I have prayed for death—but life still cliugs to this poor old frame. I am old and friendless and worn out, and were some wheel to crush

me it would be an act of mercy."

He wiped his eyes on his ragged sleeve, made a great effort to control his feelings, and went on:

"Forty years ago I had plenty. A wife sang in my home, and a young boy rode on my knee and filled the house with shouts and laughter. I sought to be a good man and a kind father, and people called me such. One night I came home vexed. I found my boy alling, and that vexed me still more. I did not know what ailed me to act so that night, but it seemed as if everything went wrong. The child had a bed beside us, and every night, since he had been able to speak, he had called to me before closing his eyes in sleep, 'Goodnight, my pa!' Oh, sir, I hear those words ringing in my ears every day and every hour, and they wring my old heart until I am faint."

For a moment he sobbed like a child, then he found voice to continue: "God forgive me, but I was cross to the boy that night. When he called to me good-night, I would not reply. 'Good-night, my pa,' he kept calling, and, fiend that I was, I would make no answer. He must have thought me asleep, for he finally cuddled down with

a sob in his throat. I wanted to get up and kiss him, but I kept waiting, and waiting, and finally fell asleep."
"Well?" queried the Captain, as the silence grew long.
"When I awoke it was day. It was

a shriek in my ears which broke my slumbers, and as I started up my poor wife called: 'Oh! Richard! Richard! our Jamie is dead in his bed!' It was so. He was dead and cold. There were tears on his pale face—the tears he had shed when he had called: 'Good-night, my pa!' and I had refused to answer I was dumb. Then remorse came and I was frantic. I did not know when they buried him, for I was under restraint as a lunatic. For five long years life was a dark midnight to me. When reason returned and I went forth into the world my wife slept beside Jamie, my home was gone, my friends had for-gotten me, and I had no mission in life but to suffer remorse. I can not forget. It was almost a lifetime ago, but through the mist of years, across the valley of the past, from the little grave thousands of miles away, I hear the plaintive call as I heard it that night: 'Good-night, my pa! Send me to prison, to the poor-house, anywhere that I may halt long enough to die! I am an old wreck, and I care not how soon death drags me down."

He was tendered food, but he could not eat. He rocked his body to and fro and wept and sobbed, and by and by, when sleep came to him they heard him whisper:

"Good-night, my boy, good-night, my Jamie!"—Detroit Free Press.

Astounding Pangi in Nevada Mines.

A GENTLEMAN who recently had oc-

easion to explore the chambers, drifts

and caverns of the old deserted Mexican and Ophir mines says that fungi of every imaginable kind have taken possession of the old levels. In these old mines, undisturbed for years, is found a fungus world in which are to be seen counterfeits of almost everything seen in our daylight world. Owing to the warmth of the old levels and to the presence in them of a certain amount of moisture, the timbers have been made to grow some curious crops. Some of the fungi in the old chambers are several feet in height, and, being snow white, resemble sheeted ghosts. In places are what at a little di-tance appear to be white owls, and there are representations of gosts with long beards, all as white as though carved in the purest marble. The rank fungus growth has almost closed some of the drifts. The fungi are of almost every imaginable variety. Some kinds hang down from the timbers like great bunches of snow-white hair and others are great pulpy masses. These last generally rise from the rock forming the floor of the drifts and seem to have grown from something dropped or spilled on the ground at the time work was in progress years ago: These growths have in several places raised from the ground rocks weighing from ten to fifty and even one hundred pounds. Some of the rocks have thus been lifted more than three feet. In the higher levels, where the air is comparatively dry, the fungi are less massive in structure than below and are much firmer in texture. Some resemble ram's horns, as they grow in a spiral or twisted shape, while others, four or five feet in length and about the thickness of a broom-handle, hang from the cap tim-bers like so many snakes suspended by the tails. One kind, after sending out a stem of the thickness of a pencil to the length of a foot or two, appears to blos-som; at least produces at the end a bulbous mass that has some resemblance to a flower. In all the infinite variety of underground fungi it is somewhat strange that not one was seen at all like those growing upon the surface in the light of day. Nothing in the nature of toadstools or mushrooms was found.—
Virginia City (Nev.) Enterprise.

A PHOTOGRAPHIC sunshine recorder has been invented by Capt. Abney. It consists of a semi-cylindrical box, with a flat lid, in the center of which is a small hole. Round the inside of the cylinder strips of sensitive paper are fixed, and the instrument is then so placed that the sun, the hole, and the center line of the paper are in the same plane. As the sun moves, therefore, its track will be recorded on the paper.